



# EMBASE



## Search Guide



## Searching EMBASE (via Ovid)

Embase is an international biomedical and pharmaceutical bibliographic database indexing over 4,800 journals from 1980 to the present. Areas covered include medicine, pharmacology, pharmaceuticals, toxicology, health care systems and public health, drug dependence and psychiatry.

### Searching the database

#### 1. Developing a Search Strategy

Before you begin searching you will need to develop a search strategy. This involves analysing the search topic and identifying the main concepts. Each concept may then have a number of different search terms which can describe that concept.

**Example Search Topic:** Deep vein thrombosis in air travellers.

Looking at the example search topic, the main concepts are: “Deep Vein Thrombosis” and “Air Travellers”. You can sometimes have several search terms for a concept, ie: synonyms or alternative descriptions. In this example, the concept of “air travellers” has 2 possible search terms: travel and aviation, as outlined in the table below.

**Example of Concepts & Search Terms:**

	<b>Concept 1</b>	<b>Concept 2</b>
	<b>DEEP VEIN THROMBOSIS</b>	<b>AIR TRAVELLERS</b>
<b>Search Term</b>	Deep vein thrombosis	Travel
<b>Search Term</b>		Aviation

#### 2. Database Search Options

There are two main ways of searching databases: **subject heading search** or **keyword search**.

- ❖ **Subject heading searching** allows you to find articles on a particular subject without having to search for every possible phrase or word that an author may have used to describe that subject. It will usually get you fewer but **more relevant results**, than the keyword option.
- ❖ **Keyword searching** is looking for a word or phrase appearing within a citation. You will usually retrieve lots of results, but they may include a lot of **irrelevant hits**. You also need to think of different terms and spelling that the author may have used to describe that topic, example: smoke, smokes, smokers, smoking, smoked, tobacco. (Keyword searching is described on page 11).

#### 3. Access EMBASE via Ovid

Open the Library's Website at <http://www.alfredlibrary.org>  
Go to the Resources page and click on the **Embase (Ovid)** link.

**NB: For University staff and students, access to Embase may also be available via your University Library's website.**

#### 4. Type your first search term (Deep Vein Thrombosis) into the search box, then click on the search button.

Notice that the “Map Term To Subject Heading” box is ticked, so you are doing a SUBJECT HEADING search. This will map the term **deep vein thrombosis** to the subject headings within the database.

The screenshot shows the Ovid search interface. At the top, there are navigation tabs: Search, Journals, Books, Multimedia, My Workspace, OvidMD, EBP Tools, and Mobile. Below the navigation is a search history section. The main search area has a search box containing 'deep vein thrombosis' and a 'Search' button. Below the search box, there are options for search type: Keyword (selected), Author, Title, and Journal. There are also checkboxes for 'Include Multimedia' and 'Map Term to Subject Heading' (checked). Below these are various filters like 'Full Text', 'Human', 'Local Holdings', 'Latest Update', 'Cochrane Library', 'Abstracts', and 'English Language'. There are also dropdown menus for 'Publication Year', 'Status', and 'NLM Status'. At the bottom, there are buttons for 'Additional Limits' and 'Edit Limits'.

#### 5. Select a subject heading from those suggested and tick the Explode box alongside it.

Note that the system has mapped 'deep vein thrombosis' to the preferred subject. It is underlined and in blue writing, which denotes it as a subject heading from the thesaurus. (Please note: If there is no exact match, a list of possible subjects will appear. If this occurs, select the most appropriate one, and tick the Explode box alongside it).

The screenshot shows the Ovid search interface displaying the results of the search. At the top, there are navigation tabs: Search, Journals, Books, Multimedia, My Workspace, OvidMD, EBP Tools, and Mobile. Below the navigation is a section titled 'Your term mapped to the following Subject Headings:'. Below this is a 'Continue' button. Below the 'Continue' button is a table with columns: Select, Subject Heading, Explode, Focus, and Scope. The table has two rows: one for 'deep vein thrombosis' (underlined and in blue) and one for 'thrombophlebitis'. The 'Select' column has checkboxes, the 'Explode' column has checkboxes, and the 'Focus' column has checkboxes. The 'Scope' column has information icons.

Select	Subject Heading	Explode	Focus	Scope
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<u>deep vein thrombosis</u>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	thrombophlebitis	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	

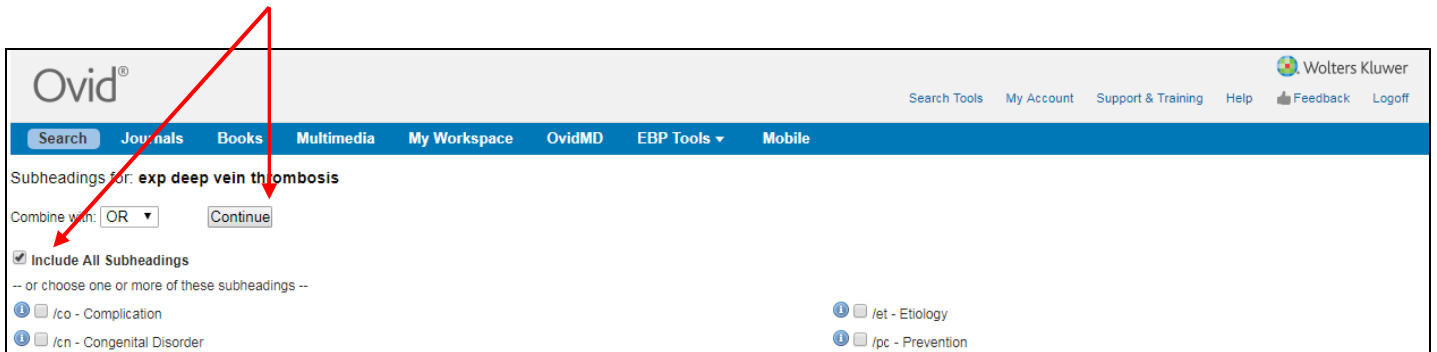
- ❖ The **Explode** option means that you will search on this subject, plus any more specific subject terms from the thesaurus.
- ❖ The **Focus** option allows you to retrieve only those articles where this subject heading is the major focus of the article. If you wish, you can select both Explode and Focus.

#### 6. Click on the **Continue** button

## 7. Subheading Display.

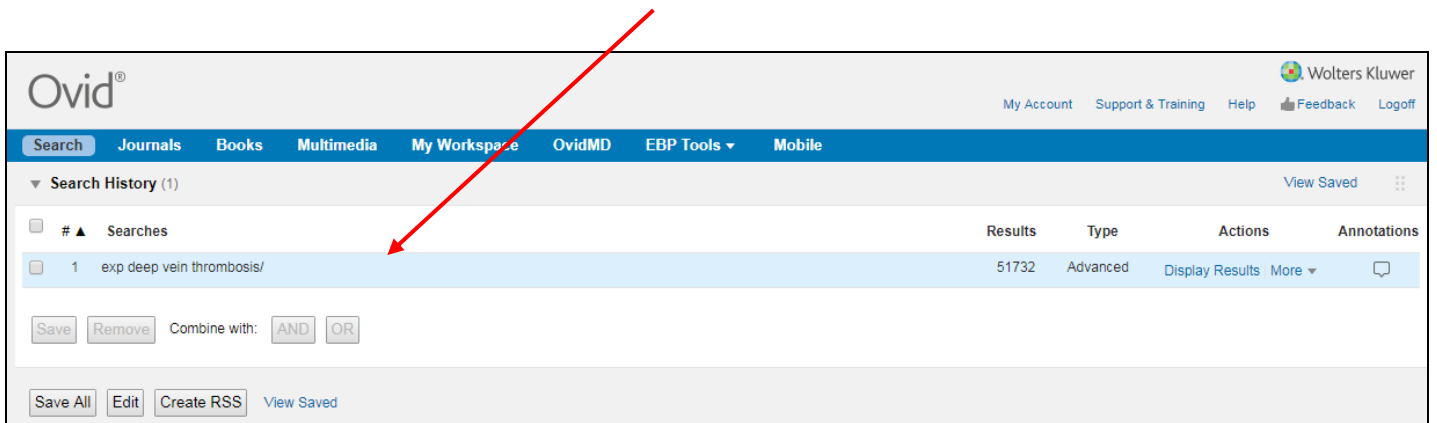
**Tick “Include All Subheadings” (this is also the default option).**

If required, you could select those subheadings that are most appropriate. However, beware of reducing your results too soon. **Then, click on the Continue button.**



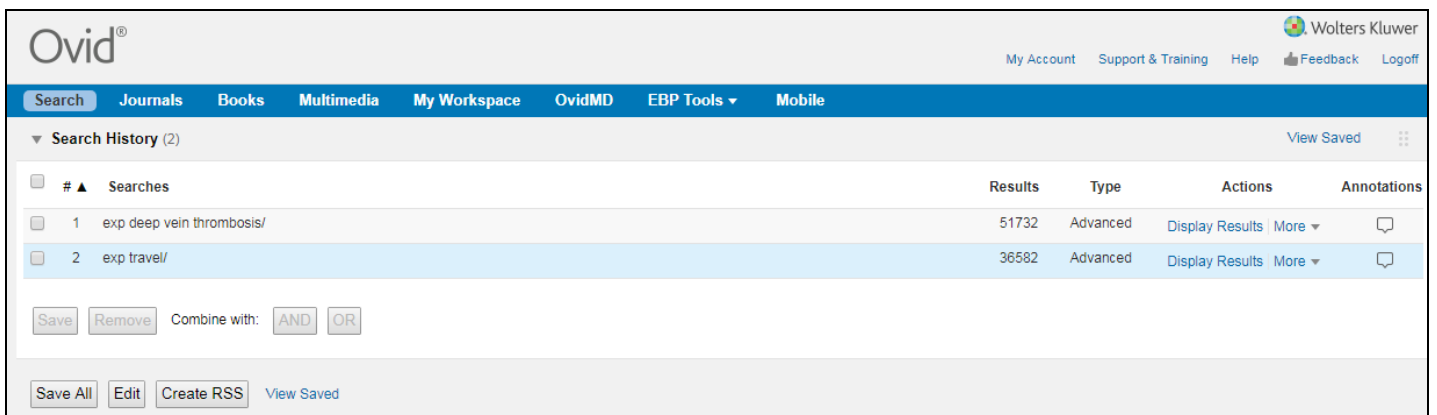
The screenshot shows the Ovid search interface. At the top, there is a navigation bar with 'Ovid' logo and links for 'Search Tools', 'My Account', 'Support & Training', 'Help', 'Feedback', and 'Logoff'. Below this is a blue navigation bar with 'Search', 'Journals', 'Books', 'Multimedia', 'My Workspace', 'OvidMD', 'EBP Tools', and 'Mobile'. The main content area shows 'Subheadings for: exp deep vein thrombosis'. There is a 'Combine with:' dropdown set to 'OR' and a 'Continue' button. A red arrow points from the 'Continue' button to the 'Include All Subheadings' checkbox, which is checked. Below this, there are options to 'or choose one or more of these subheadings --' with checkboxes for '/co - Complication', '/cn - Congenital Disorder', '/et - Etiology', and '/pc - Prevention'.

## 8. Now you have a set of results for deep vein thrombosis.



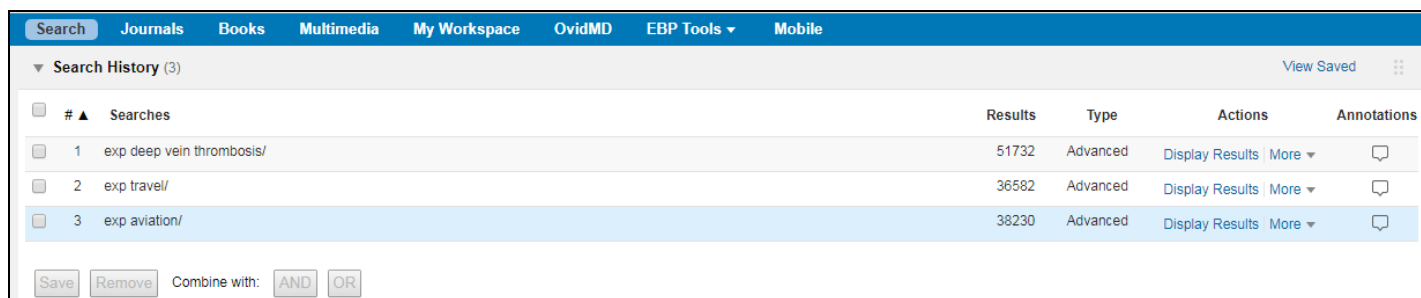
The screenshot shows the Ovid search interface. At the top, there is a navigation bar with 'Ovid' logo and links for 'My Account', 'Support & Training', 'Help', 'Feedback', and 'Logoff'. Below this is a blue navigation bar with 'Search', 'Journals', 'Books', 'Multimedia', 'My Workspace', 'OvidMD', 'EBP Tools', and 'Mobile'. The main content area shows 'Search History (1)' with a 'View Saved' link. Below this is a table with columns for '#', 'Searches', 'Results', 'Type', 'Actions', and 'Annotations'. The table has one row: '1 exp deep vein thrombosis/' with 51732 results, 'Advanced' type, and 'Display Results' and 'More' actions. Below the table are buttons for 'Save', 'Remove', 'Combine with: AND OR', 'Save All', 'Edit', 'Create RSS', and 'View Saved'. A red arrow points from the 'exp deep vein thrombosis/' search entry to the 'Continue' button in the previous screenshot.

**9. You can now enter your next search term (Travel) into the search box and repeat steps 5 to 7.** You will then have results for “travel” added to the Search History.



The screenshot shows the Ovid search interface. At the top, there is a navigation bar with 'Ovid' logo and links for 'My Account', 'Support & Training', 'Help', 'Feedback', and 'Logoff'. Below this is a blue navigation bar with 'Search', 'Journals', 'Books', 'Multimedia', 'My Workspace', 'OvidMD', 'EBP Tools', and 'Mobile'. The main content area shows 'Search History (2)' with a 'View Saved' link. Below this is a table with columns for '#', 'Searches', 'Results', 'Type', 'Actions', and 'Annotations'. The table has two rows: '1 exp deep vein thrombosis/' with 51732 results, 'Advanced' type, and 'Display Results' and 'More' actions; and '2 exp travel/' with 36582 results, 'Advanced' type, and 'Display Results' and 'More' actions. Below the table are buttons for 'Save', 'Remove', 'Combine with: AND OR', 'Save All', 'Edit', 'Create RSS', and 'View Saved'.

## 10. You can now enter your next search term (Aviation) into the search box and repeat steps 5 to 7. You will then have results for aviation added to the Search History.



The screenshot shows the Search History interface with three search sets. The interface includes a navigation bar with 'Search', 'Journals', 'Books', 'Multimedia', 'My Workspace', 'OvidMD', 'EBP Tools', and 'Mobile'. Below the navigation bar, there is a 'Search History (3)' section with a 'View Saved' link and a table of search sets.

#	Searches	Results	Type	Actions	Annotations
1	exp deep vein thrombosis/	51732	Advanced	Display Results   More	
2	exp travel/	36582	Advanced	Display Results   More	
3	exp aviation/	38230	Advanced	Display Results   More	

At the bottom of the table, there are buttons for 'Save', 'Remove', and 'Combine with: AND OR'.

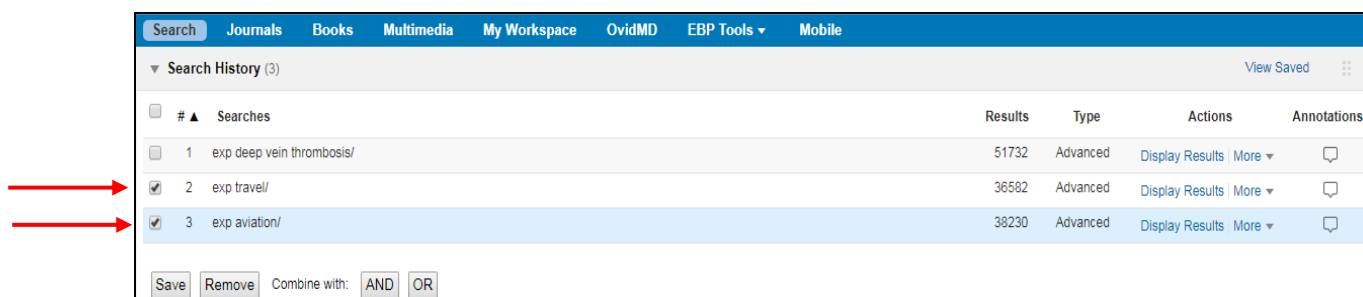
You now have three search sets:

- ❖ Set one for the first concept of DVT,
- ❖ Sets two and three for the second concept of Air Travellers.

These search sets now need to be combined to obtain your final result.

## 11. To combine your search sets, please refer to the Search History.

We will first work on the **air travellers** concept as there are two terms for this.



The screenshot shows the Search History interface with search sets 2 and 3 selected. Red arrows point to the checkboxes in the first column of the table for search sets 2 and 3.

#	Searches	Results	Type	Actions	Annotations
1	exp deep vein thrombosis/	51732	Advanced	Display Results   More	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	2 exp travel/	36582	Advanced	Display Results   More	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3 exp aviation/	38230	Advanced	Display Results   More	

At the bottom of the table, there are buttons for 'Save', 'Remove', and 'Combine with: AND OR'.

Select both sets by clicking the boxes in the first column on the left hand side. A tick will appear once selected.

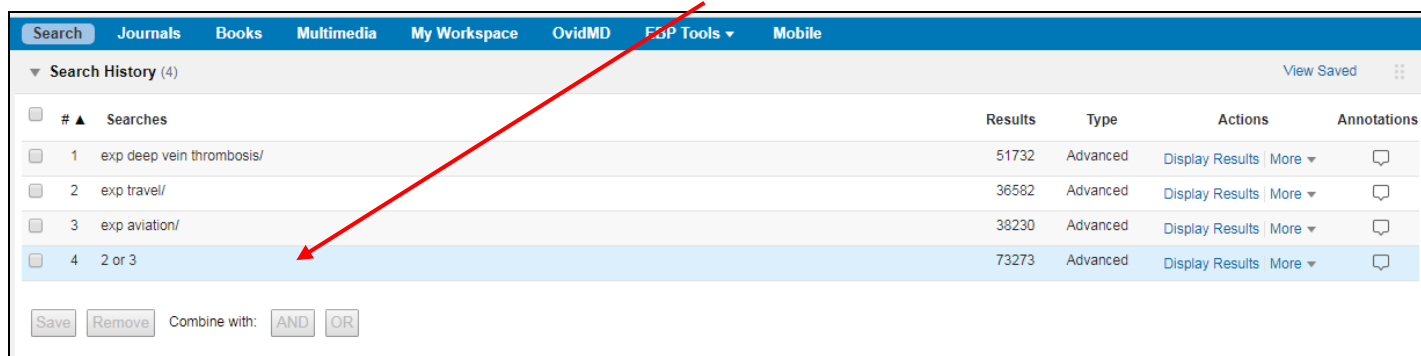
Combine with:

At the bottom of the Search History, you will see:

Click on the  button.

## The OR operator is used when combining alternatives.

This gives you a set of records that contain either travel or aviation.



The screenshot shows the Search History interface with four search sets. A red arrow points to search set 4, which is the result of combining search sets 2 and 3 using the OR operator.

#	Searches	Results	Type	Actions	Annotations
1	exp deep vein thrombosis/	51732	Advanced	Display Results   More	
2	exp travel/	36582	Advanced	Display Results   More	
3	exp aviation/	38230	Advanced	Display Results   More	
4	2 or 3	73273	Advanced	Display Results   More	

At the bottom of the table, there are buttons for 'Save', 'Remove', and 'Combine with: AND OR'.

## 12. We can now combine the two concepts together.

#	Searches	Results	Type	Actions	Annotations
1	exp deep vein thrombosis/	51732	Advanced	Display Results More	
2	exp travel/	36582	Advanced	Display Results More	
3	exp aviation/	38230	Advanced	Display Results More	
4	2 or 3	73273	Advanced	Display Results More	

Save Remove Combine with: AND OR

Select the relevant sets by ticking the boxes in the left hand column

Combine with: AND OR

At the bottom of the Search History, you will see:

Click on the AND button.

The AND operator is used when putting concepts together.

#	Searches	Results	Type	Actions	Annotations
2	exp travel/	36582	Advanced	Display Results More	
3	exp aviation/	38230	Advanced	Display Results More	
4	2 or 3	73273	Advanced	Display Results More	
5	1 and 4	444	Advanced	Display Results More	

Save Remove Combine with: AND OR

Expand

This gives you a set of records that will contain both concepts. That is, set number 5 now has results which will include DVT and (Travel or Aviation).

Note: The search history defaults to display only 4 sets. To see all the sets in the search history, click on the Expand link

## 13. You can limit the last set in the search history by using the Limits below the search box.

For example, in the following screen we have ticked English Language (1) and selected the years 2010 to current in the publication year boxes (2). After making your selections click on the search button (3) and the limits will be applied to the last set in the search history. In the example below, the limits will be applied to set 5.

Search History (5)

#	Searches	Results	Type	Actions	Annotations
1	exp deep vein thrombosis/	51732	Advanced	Display Results More	
2	exp travel/	36582	Advanced	Display Results More	
3	exp aviation/	38230	Advanced	Display Results More	
4	2 or 3	73273	Advanced	Display Results More	
5	1 and 4	444	Advanced	Display Results More	

Save All Edit Create RSS View Saved

Basic Search | Find Citation | Search Tools | Search Fields | Advanced Search | Multi-Field Search

1 Resource selected | Hide | Change

Embase 1980 to 2018 Week 15

Enter keyword or phrase (\* or \$ for truncation)

Keyword Author Title Journal

Search

Limits (close)

Include Multimedia Map Term to Subject Heading

Full Text Latest Update Abstracts

Human Cochrane Library

Local Holdings English Language

Publication Year 2010 Current

#### 14. Click on the **Display Results** link next to the results you wish to view.

The first lot of results is **displayed**. The results are in citation format, and any links to full text, complete reference or abstract reference are displayed on the right hand side of the screen.

The screenshot shows a search results interface. On the left, there is a sidebar with 'Search Information' and 'Filter By' sections. The main area displays two search results. The first result is selected with a checkbox. The second result is also selected with a checkbox. A red arrow points to the 'Complete Reference' link for the second result.

Search Information	Search Results
<b>You searched:</b> limit 5 to (english language and yr="2010 -Current")	1. <b>Indications for medical compression stockings in venous and lymphatic disorders: An evidence-based consensus statement.</b>
<b>Search terms used:</b> aviation deep vein thrombosis travel	Rabe E., Partsch H., Hafner J., Lattimer C., Mosti G., Neumann M., Urbanek T., Huebner M., Gaillard S., Carpentier P. <i>Phlebology</i> . 33 (3) (pp 163-184), 2018. Date of Publication: 01 Apr 2018. [Review]
<b>Search Returned:</b> 164 text results	<b>Publisher:</b> SAGE Publications Ltd (E-mail: info@sagepub.co.uk)
<b>Sort By:</b> -	► Abstract + My Projects + Annotate
<b>Filter By</b>	2. <b>Long-haul flights, edema, and thrombotic events: Prevention with stockings and Pycnogenol supplementation (LONFLIT Registry Study).</b>
Add to Search History	Belcaro G., Cornelli U., Dugali M., Hosoi M., Cotellese R., Feragalli B. <i>Minerva Cardioangiologica</i> . 66 (2) (pp 152-159), 2018. Date of Publication: April 2018.
Selected Only (1)	[Article]

**Note:** the Complete Reference is not the full-text - it is a link to all the fields contained in the record for that reference. These fields include the citation, as well as a list of all the **subject headings** that have been applied to that citation. This can be a useful feature when searching for alternative terms for a concept.

**Hint:** To display the abstracts on your results page, click on this button (just above your first citation)

The close-up shows the search interface controls. A red arrow points to the 'Display Results' button, which is represented by three horizontal lines.

#### 15. To select a citation for printing, saving etc., tick the box next to it.

At the bottom of the page, use the **Next >** and **< Previous** links to go forwards and backwards through the results list.

#### 16. When you've finished selecting your citations, click on the **Keep Selected** link.

This allows you to make a new set in the search history of the results that you selected.

The screenshot shows the search history table. A red arrow points to the new search entry 'from 6 keep 2, 8, 14'.

#	Searches	Results	Type	Actions	Annotations
1	exp deep vein thrombosis/	51732	Advanced	Display Results More	Contract
2	exp travel/	36582	Advanced	Display Results More	
3	exp aviation/	38230	Advanced	Display Results More	
4	2 or 3	73273	Advanced	Display Results More	
5	1 and 4	444	Advanced	Display Results More	
6	limit 5 to (english language and yr="2010 -Current")	164	Advanced	Display Results More	
7	from 6 keep 2, 8, 14	3	Advanced	Display Results More	

## 17. Output Choices



Output choices, **Print**, **Email**, **Export**, or **+ My Projects (Add to My Projects)** are at the top and bottom of each results page. Choose from the following:

### Print:

- **Select Fields to Display:** Choose from preset options or create a custom list
- **Select Citation Style:** Choose from **Ovid Labeled Citation** or choose another style (APA, MLA, Chicago, etc.)
- **Include:** Tick **Search History** to include the search history.

### Email:

**To:** type in address.

Add **Subject** title and Message (if required)

**Consider also:** Select Fields to Display, Select Citation Style, and Include Search History as mentioned above

### Export:

- Use **Microsoft® Word** format for word processing
- Use **Citavi/EndNote®/ProCite®/Reference Manager®** for local reference management
- Use **Reprint/Medlars** for importing .txt files into EndNote

### My Projects:

**My Projects** is a research organization area containing projects and folders where you may store searches, text, results, citations, full text, graphics and many other items. **My Projects** also offers the output options (**Print, Email or Export**) and the option to **Remove** (delete) saved items if required.

To use My Projects, you will need to set up an account (see next section on Personal Account).

Select items using the checkboxes and choose the **+ My Projects** link at the top and bottom of each page and follow any prompts. You will need to create a project or select an existing project or folder.

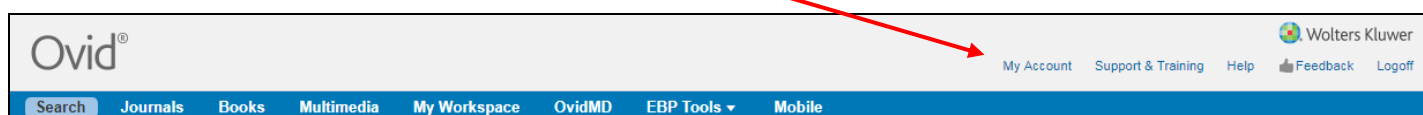
Or click the **My Projects** link next to each individual result or item.



## 18. Personal Account

A Personal Account provides access to **My Workspace** that contains **My Projects, My Searches & Alerts** and **My eTocs**. Your account also stores your annotations and any interface settings. If you wish to add to, or access any of these areas, you must login with your Personal Account ID and password.

Ovid displays a My Account link on the session





You will need to login to your personal account to access selected functions. Functions which require personal account login are:

- Saved Searches and Alerts
- My Projects
- Annotate items
- Retention of customized displays and settings

Click on the [My Account](#) link to login.

If you haven't created an account yet, you can create one using the "Create Account" link.

**Personal Account Login**

Personal Account Name:

Password:

[Login](#)

[Forgot Account Name or Password?](#)

**Don't have an Account?**

Use a Personal Account to save searches, create alerts and manage research.

[Create Account](#)

## 19. Saved Searches and Alerts

As you develop search strategies, you may want to save them for later use. Ovid lets you store search sets created during any search session, log off and return at a later time without having to retype each search set manually.

Save your searches by clicking the [Save All](#) button at the bottom of the *Search History* window.

Search Journals Books Multimedia My Workspace OvidMD EBP Tools Mobile

Search History (6) View Saved

#	Searches	Results	Type	Actions	Annotations
1	exp deep vein thrombosis/	51732	Advanced	Display Results More	Contract
2	exp travel/	36582	Advanced	Display Results More	
3	exp aviation/	38230	Advanced	Display Results More	
4	2 or 3	73273	Advanced	Display Results More	
5	1 and 4	444	Advanced	Display Results More	
6	limit 5 to (english language and yr="2010 -Current")	164	Advanced	Display Results More	

Save Remove Combine with: AND OR

[Save All](#) [Edit](#) [Create RSS](#) [View Saved](#)

After logging in, fill in the boxes to save your search:

1. Type a search name in the text box. (search name must not exceed 80 characters)
2. Type comments in the text box. (This is OPTIONAL)
3. The default search type is Permanent.
4. Click the Save button.

The different types of saved searches are:

- ◆ **Permanent** - Saves the search for as long as your site maintains a valid subscription. Use this option to save and rerun at another time.
- ◆ **Temporary** - Saves the search for a period of twenty-four hours, then deletes it
- ◆ **AutoAlert** - Creates a search that runs automatically on a regular basis and emails results to designated recipients.

Ovid displays a confirmation message at the top of the Search page once you have saved your search. For example:

## 20. Accessing Saved Searches

You may view and access your Saved Searches and alerts by clicking on [View Saved](#).

Alternatively you can click on [My Workspace](#). You may need to log in again if you have previously logged off.

When you select either of these options, the system will display all your saved searches organized by search type.

To access your saved search, tick the box next to it and then click on the [Run](#) button.

## 21. Keyword (Textword) Searching

If your subject heading search does not map to a suitable term, try searching with keywords (also known as textwords). Textword searching lets you search for the exact word or phrase in a chosen field such as title or abstract. It is useful for finding information about a concept that:

- has no appropriate subject heading
- might be very new to the literature
- has a very specific name, such as the GUSTO Trials

### ❖ Textword field searching

The textword command **.mp.** tells Ovid that you are looking for a textword and therefore bypasses the subject mapping system. The **.mp.** command will look for the word in the title, abstract, and as a subject heading word.

### ❖ Truncation & Wildcards

Textwords can be truncated to pick up various forms of a word. Truncation is useful if the textword or phrase can be expressed in a variety of ways. Use the asterisk **\*** to indicate where the word should be truncated, followed by the **.mp.** command, to indicate that you want to search a textword, not a subject heading.

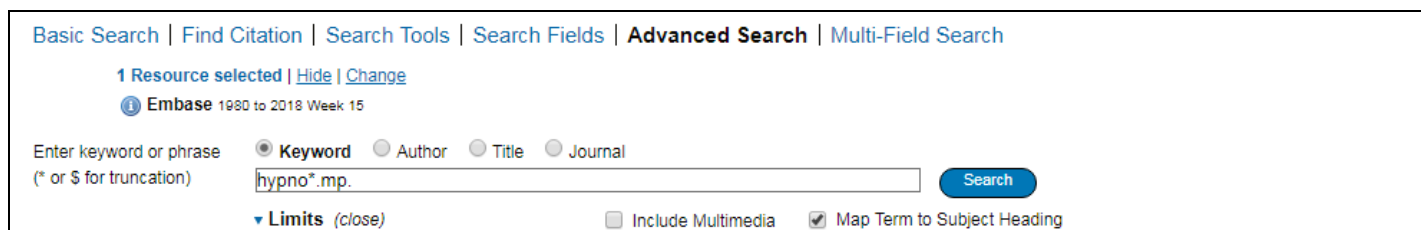
Wildcards can be used to find word/spelling variations.

- Use **\*** at the end of a word or part of a word to retrieve unlimited suffix variations eg. disease\* for diseases or diseased.
- Use **#** inside or at the end of a word to replace exactly one character eg. wom#n.
- Use **?** inside or at the end of a word to replace zero or one character eg. robot? or flavo?r.

### Truncation example:

The following screen shows a textword search for **hypno\*.mp.**

This will retrieve words such as hypnosis, hypnotic, hypnotism, hypnotise etc.



The screenshot shows the Ovid search interface. At the top, there are navigation links: Basic Search | Find Citation | Search Tools | Search Fields | **Advanced Search** | Multi-Field Search. Below this, it indicates '1 Resource selected | Hide | Change' and 'Embase 1980 to 2018 Week 15'. The search input area is labeled 'Enter keyword or phrase (\* or \$ for truncation)'. There are four radio buttons for search fields: **Keyword** (selected), Author, Title, and Journal. The search term 'hypno\*.mp.' is entered in the text box. A blue 'Search' button is to the right. Below the search box, there are options for 'Limits (close)', 'Include Multimedia', and 'Map Term to Subject Heading' (checked).

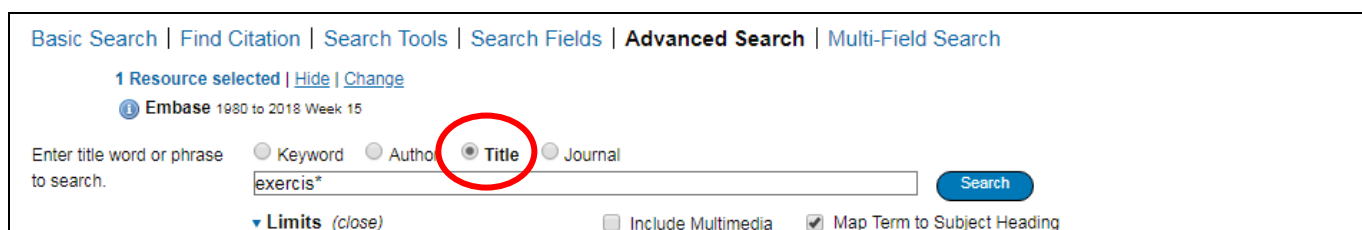
### ❖ Title Field

If the textword field option is too broad, that is, too many results are retrieved; you can choose to search for a word in the title field. To perform a Title field search, select the radio button next to Title. Remember to use truncation for word variations.

### For example:

The following screen shows a title field search for the truncated word **exercis\*.**

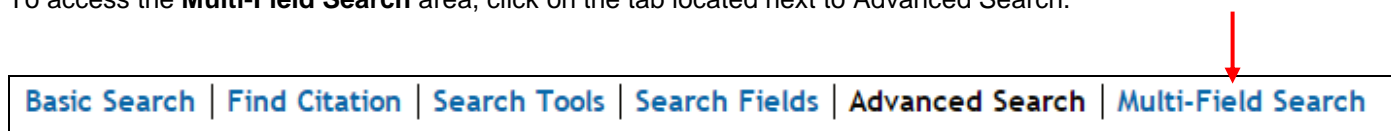
This will retrieve words such as exercise, exercised, exercises, exercising etc. in the title.



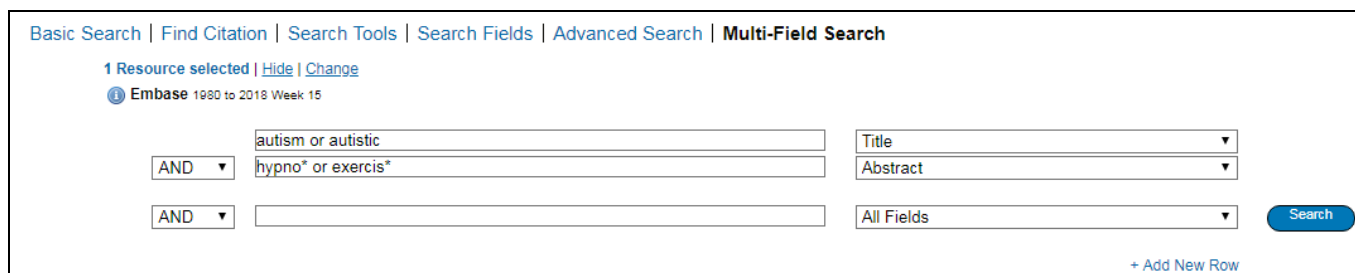
The screenshot shows the Ovid search interface. At the top, there are navigation links: Basic Search | Find Citation | Search Tools | Search Fields | **Advanced Search** | Multi-Field Search. Below this, it indicates '1 Resource selected | Hide | Change' and 'Embase 1980 to 2018 Week 15'. The search input area is labeled 'Enter title word or phrase to search.'. There are four radio buttons for search fields: Keyword, Author, **Title** (circled in red), and Journal. The search term 'exercis\*' is entered in the text box. A blue 'Search' button is to the right. Below the search box, there are options for 'Limits (close)', 'Include Multimedia', and 'Map Term to Subject Heading' (checked).

## ❖ Multi-Field Search

To access the **Multi-Field Search** area, click on the tab located next to Advanced Search.



You can use Multi-Field Search to search multiple terms in specific fields, and combine your terms using your choice of **AND** or **OR** Boolean operators.

A screenshot of the Multi-Field Search interface. At the top, there is a navigation bar with tabs: 'Basic Search', 'Find Citation', 'Search Tools', 'Search Fields', 'Advanced Search', and 'Multi-Field Search'. Below this, it says '1 Resource selected | Hide | Change' and 'Embase 1980 to 2018 Week 15'. The main area contains two rows of search boxes. The first row has a dropdown menu set to 'AND', a text box containing 'autism or autistic', a dropdown menu set to 'Title', and a dropdown menu set to 'Abstract'. The second row has a dropdown menu set to 'AND', an empty text box, a dropdown menu set to 'All Fields', and a blue 'Search' button. At the bottom right, there is a '+ Add New Row' link.

Enter a word or phrase in the search box. Select a field to search from the adjacent pull down menu. Search a single term in a specific field, or enter a second or third term to be searched in specific fields in the search boxes provided. Remember to use truncation or wildcard symbols where appropriate.

***Please ask a Librarian for any assistance with database searching.***

## 22. Accessing the full text of your citations.

For those citations that do not have a full text link available, you will have to check the library's holdings. There is a listing for the online journals on the library webpage: <http://www.alfredlibrary.org>

For articles that are not held by The Ian Potter Library, a document delivery service may be available. Please check with the library to see what document delivery services are available to you.

For further information please contact the library on 90763042 or [library@alfred.org.au](mailto:library@alfred.org.au)

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